

Anthelmintic Agents = Anthelmintics

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TREATMENT OF HELMINTH INFECTIONS:

- Albendazole
- Ivermectin
- Mebendazole
- Moxidectin
- Praziquantel
- Pyrantel pamoate

Types of Helminths

- Platyhelminths:
- ✓ cestodes(tapeworm): taenia
- √ trematodes(flukes): schistosoma
- Nematohelminths:
- √ ascaris
- ✓ strongyloides
- True round worms:
- ✓ hookworm
- ✓ pinworm
- ✓ wuchererria bancrofti
- ✓ onchocerca

Chemical Classification for Anthelmintic agents

- Benz-imidazoles:
- √ albendazole
- √ mebendazole
- √ thiabendazole
- Tetra-hydro-iso-quinoline: praziquantel
- Tetra-hydro-quinoline: oxamniquine
- Tetra-hydro-pyrimidine: pyrantel
- Levamisole
- Piperazine: piperazine & Di-Ethyl Carbamazine(DEC)
- Lactone: ivermectin, moxidectin
- Benzamide: niclosamide

Benzimidazole Anthelmintics

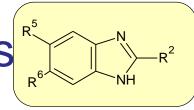


Table 32.7 Benzimidazole Anthelmintics				
R_2 N R_1 R_3				
Drugs	Trade Name	R _i	R ₂	R ₃
Mebendazole	Emverm Vermox	-N-C-OCH ₃	-:-	Н
Albendazole	Albenza	-N-C-OCH₃	—SCH₂CH₂CH₃	Н
Triclabendazole	Egaten ^a Fasinex ^b	— S-CH₃	-0	CI
Fenbendazole	Several brand names ^b	_Н-С-осн₃	_s- <u>\</u>	Н
Flubendazole	Several brand names ^b	— Н = — N - С - ОСН ₃	F	Н

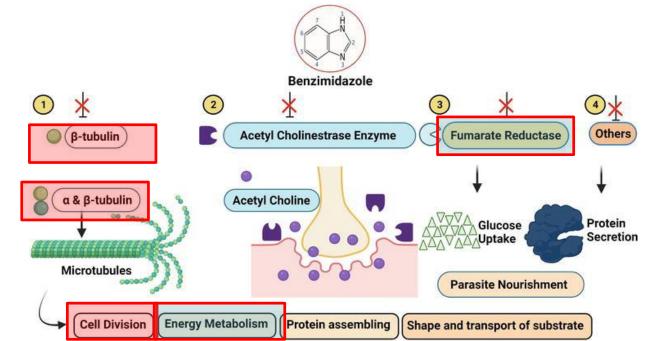
^{*}Egaten has recently been shown to be useful for treatment of fascioliasis by WHO.

^bUsed in veterinary practice for protection and treatment of parasite and worm infections.

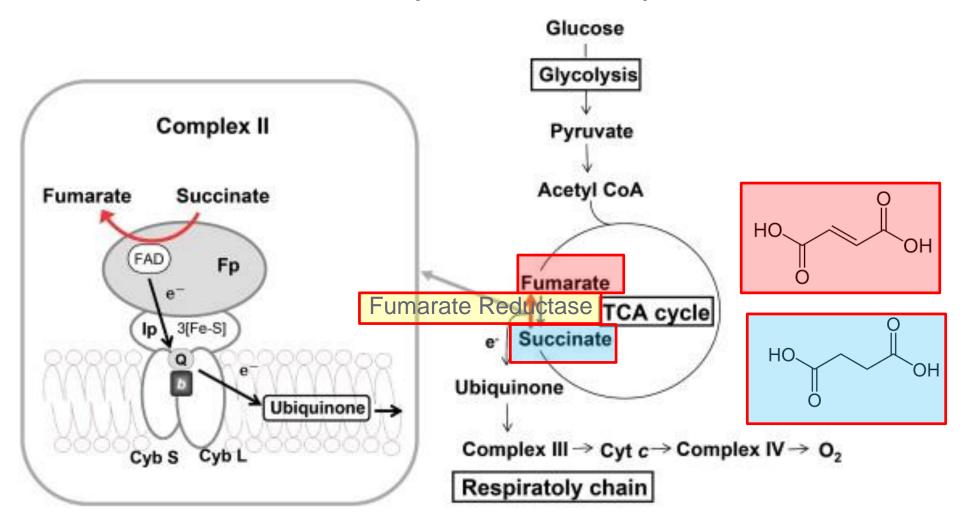
Benzimidazoles as Anthelminthics

MOAs for Benzimidazole Anthelmintics

- Broad spectrum on intestinal helminths
- 1- inhibition of fumarate reductase
- ✓ responsible enzyme for oxidation of NADH to NAD
- ✓ which uncouples oxidative phosphorylation for ATP production
- 2- Prevention of tubulin polymerization:
- ✓ prevents self association of tubulin subunits
- ✓ create a capping of microtubule at associating or polymerizing end
- ✓ hence microtubule dissociation from opposite end with a net loss of length



Fumarate Reductase as a Functional enzyme in Vitality of Helminths



Oxidation of NADH to NAD

Benzimidazole: Albendazole

- Chemistry:
- Metabolism: through FMO CYP related:
 sulfur mono-oxide= sulfone: active metabolite
 - MOA: ...

Albendazole sulfoxide (active)

- Single dose for ascariasis & hook worm infections
- Multiple dose for pinworm
- Therapeutic application:
- √ against echinococciasis
- Enhancing oral absorption with fatty meals: ?

Benzimidazole: Mebendazole

- Chemistry:
- Metabolism:
- ✓ Phase I:

hydrolysis of amide: deacetylation reduction of ketone

√ phase II: conjugation step

Hydroxy metabolite

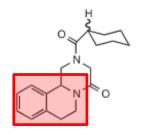
- ✓ interfering in glucose uptake
- ✓ glycogen storage depletion

Metabolism of Benzimidazoles

Figure 32.20 Metabolism of benzimidazoles.

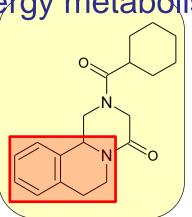
Tetra-Hydro-Iso-quinoline: Praziquantel (PZQ)

Chemistry: iso-quinoline derivative



Praziquantel (Biltricide)

- Metabolism: next slide
- MOA:
- √ in/direct Ca²+ redistribution: muscle contraction & paralysis
- √ inhibit phospho-inositide metabolism
- ✓ affects glycogen content & energy metabolism
- Therapeutic application:
- √ against cestode & trematode
- √ against schistosomiasis



Metabolism for Praziquantel (PZQ)

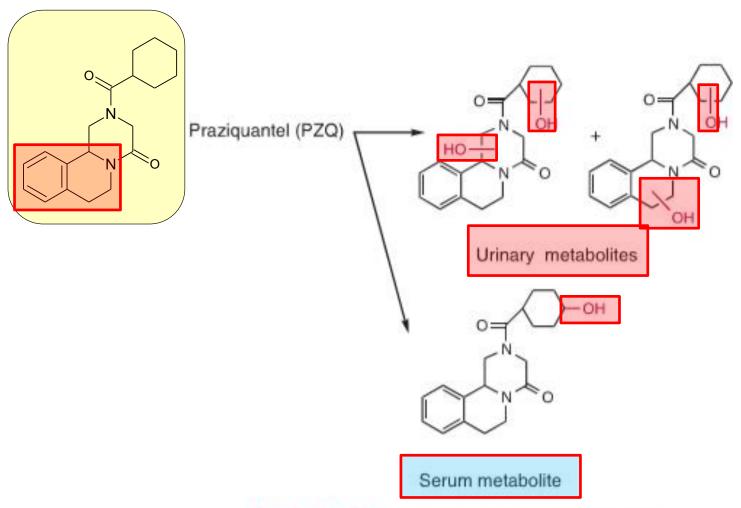
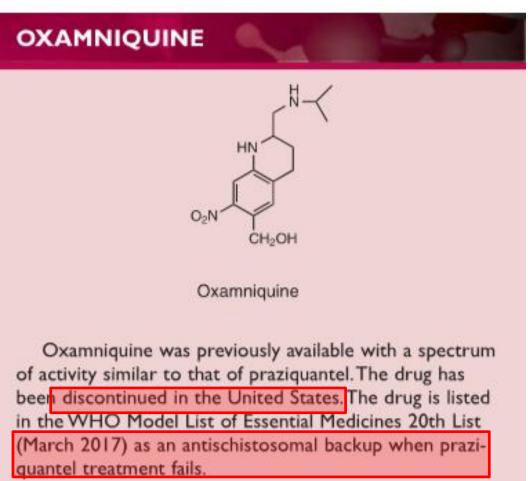
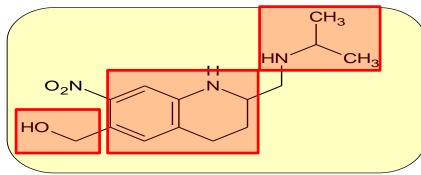


Figure 32.21 Metabolism of praziquantel (PZQ).

Tetra-Hydro-Quinoline: Oxamniquine

MOA: inhibit DNA, RNA & protein synthesis





Tetra-Hydro-pyrimidine: Pyrantel Pamoate

- Chemistry:
- ✓ pamoate salt: quite in-soluble: not readily absorbed: benefit?
- √ tartrate salt: water solubility
- MOA:
- ✓ depolarizing NMBA: activate nicotinic receptors
- ✓ inhibit cholinesterase
- √ gives spastic paralysis

$$H_3C$$
 N^+
 O
 CH_3
 O
 CH_3

Therapeutic application:

Acetylcholine

- ✓ against pinworms (considered as drug of choice)
- √ against hookworm & roundworms (ascariasis)
- ✓ with piperazine!!! is a wrong medication

Acetylcholine Esterase Inhibitor as Second Mechanism of Action for Pyrantel

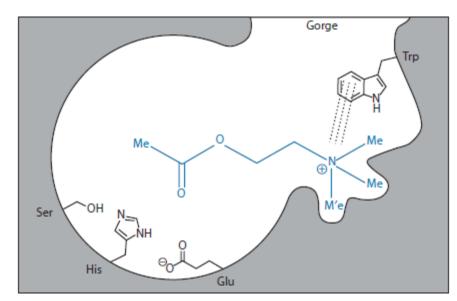


FIGURE 22.42 Key amino acid residues within the active site.

Pyrantel in Two Types of Salts: as Pamoate Salt & Tartrate Salt

Tartrate Salt

Pamoate Salt

Levamisole

Chemistry:

Withdrawn from FDA since 2000

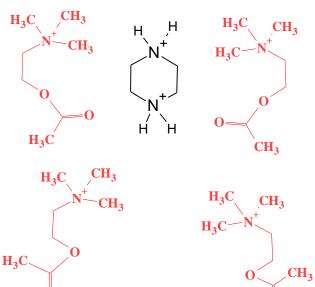
MOA: acetylcholine agonist on nAChR in nematodes

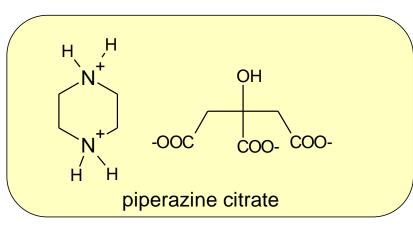
$$H_3C$$
 N^+
 O
 CH_3
 CH_3

Acetylcholine

Piperazine Anthelmintics: Piperazine

- Chemistry:
- √ citrate salt

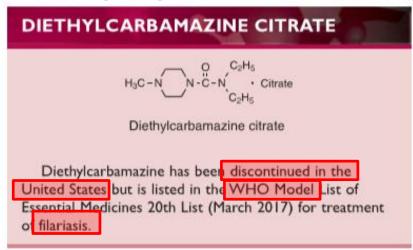


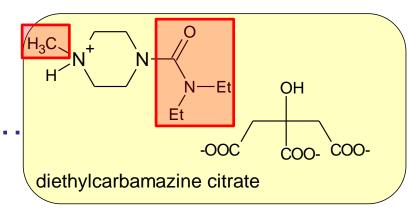


- MOA:
- ✓ block the response of worm muscles to acetylcholine
- Therapeutic application:
- ✓ against pinworm & roundworm(nematodes)

Piperazine Anthelmintics: Di-Ethyl-Carbamazine (DEC)

- Chemistry:
- √ citrate salt
- Selective anthelmintic activity: filaricide:
- ✓ against filariasis, ascariasis, onchocerciasis
- Metabolites: ?
- MOA: !?: Rapid action
- ✓ three proposed mechanisms: ...

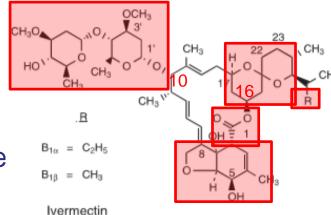




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Lactone: Dihydro/Ivermectin (IVM)

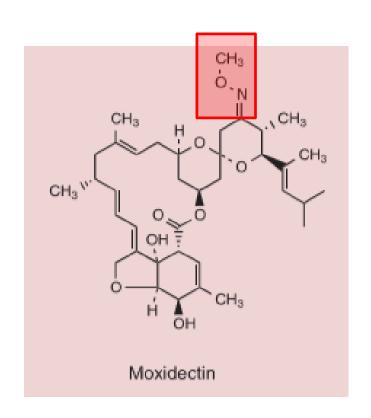
- Source: extracted from Streptomyces avermitilis
- Chemistry: 16 membered macrocyclic lactone: B_{1α}:B_{1β}(80:20)
- √ consider C23 substitute
- MOA:
- ✓ reduce motility of microfilaria:
- ✓ allows host cytotoxic cells to adhere to parasite.
- √ acts as GABA agonist: induce Cl⁻ influx:
- ✓ lead to hyperpolarization & muscle paralysis
- ✓ irreversibly bind to Glu gated Cl⁻ channel: open conformation of gate
- Advantage over DEC (Di-Ethyl Carbamazine)
- Know about efficacy in COVID-19: inhibit host nuclear transport Prs which are part of key intracellular target of virus



Lactones: Ivermectin & Moxidectin

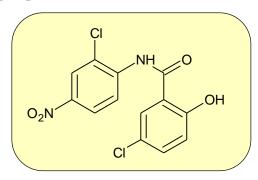
Novel derivative: moxidectin

HO
$$H_3$$
C H_3



Benzamide: Niclosamide

- Potent taenicide:
- ✓ rapid disintegration of worm segments



- MOA:
- ✓ uncoupling oxidative phosphorylation or stimulation of ATPase activity
- ✓ might bind to DNA & make DNA damage